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Scientific venture

How much is climate change hurting glaciers

International researchers will enhance knowledge of Karakoram glaciers

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ISLAMABAD

Scientific understanding of glaciers, global pollutant movement and water management in the Karakoram mountain range will be boosted after the initiation of three new scientific experiments in the region by an Italy-based international research organisation.

EvK2CNR has been working in the Karakoram region for the past 30 years and has also been involved in the Sustainable Economic Environment Development (SEED) project in Central Karakoram National Park.

The organisation launched a study to quantify short-term changes and variability of the Karakoram glaciers, research on permafrost in the Karakoram and Deosai areas, and a project to establish an air quality monitoring station at Deosai

Climate Observatory and Air Quality Monitoring

EvK2CNR Researcher Gian

Pietro Verzi said air quality monitoring involves setting up a climate observatory at the Deosai plateau in collaboration with the Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD) and Wapda.

He said the Deosai plateau was selected because it is a clean place, far from local emissions and the giant air masses that flow freely over the plateau provide a high sensitivity to trace ozone and black carbon.

He said the researchers are trying to test how atmospheric brown clouds moves over high altitudes.

"The Deosai station will help the international community trace the movement of global pollutants at high altitudes," Verzi said, "There are no clean countries or dirty countries. It is an international issue now."

The observatory will use a low-powered, lightweight device called "Nano-share" which will measure the levels of atmospheric ozone (O3), aerosol, oxides of carbon and particulate matter in addition to recording standard weather data, informed Verzi.

The Nano-share is encased in a three-foot high suitcase, weighs around 35kg and is powered by a 40-watt battery, 7) There are no clean countries or dirty countries. It is an international issue now

EvK2CNR Researcher Gian Pietro Verzi

Verzi stated, adding that it's a portable device to monitor air quality.

From July to October 2013, the research team will carry out an atmospheric campaign in Concordia to monitor the atmospheric composition along Baltoro Glacier's surface. Baltoro is one of the longest glaciers outside the Polar Regions.

Glacier measurements in Baltoro

A team of researchers led by Christoph Mayer, a professor at the Bavarian Academy of Science and Humanities who has previously worked in the Karakoram Mountain Range since 2004, will perform glacier-related measurements in the Baltoro area.

The measurements will include the mapping of debris cover, ice melt, snow thick-



SCENIC: A composition along Baltoro Glacier's surface. PHOTO: FILE

ness and density, Mayer said. He said the research team will use a network of poles that will be buried in the glacier's surface. The height of snow on the pole and the position of the poles will be observed over time to determine changes in snow levels and the velocity of the glacier's movement, Mayer said.

"The trend of the Baltoro

glacier is that it is reducing size, but the pace is very si compared to other glaciers But Mayer said more ele tion profiles of the glacier

needed to quantify the red

